

ABSTRACT

5       An intake pipe downstream of a throttle valve is  
interconnected with an exhaust pipe via an EGR supply  
pipe and an EGR control valve is disposed in the EGR  
supply pipe. An engine load ratio (K<sub>Loff</sub>) in the engine  
steady operation with the EGR gas being not supplied, and  
another engine load ratio K<sub>Lon</sub> in the engine steady  
operation with the EGR gas being supplied are expressed  
10       with respective linear functions of an *intake pipe*  
*pressure* (P<sub>m</sub>) and stored in advance. The *intake pipe*  
*pressure* (P<sub>m</sub>) is detected, K<sub>Loff</sub> and K<sub>Lon</sub> are calculated  
from the detected *intake pipe pressure* (P<sub>m</sub>) using the  
linear function expressions and, then, a difference  
15       between these values  $\Delta K_L$  (= K<sub>Loff</sub> - K<sub>Lon</sub>) is calculated.  
Based on the difference ( $\Delta K_L$ ), the EGR control valve  
*passing-through gas amount*, which is an amount of the EGR  
gas passing through the EGR control valve, is calculated.